

PULSE WIDTH MODULATION (PWM)

EEEN 464 – DIGITAL COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

Wednesday, 11 June 2025

MATLAB CODE FOR PULSE WIDTH MODULATION (1)

```
clc;
clear all;
t = 0:0.001:1;
fc = input('Enter the Frequency of Carrier Signal (Sawtooth) = ');
fm = input('Enter the Frequency of Message Signal (Sinusoidal) = ');
a = input('Enter the Amplitude of Carrier Signal = ');
b = input('Enter the Amplitude of Message Signal(should be < Carrier) = ');
vc = a.*sawtooth(2*pi*fc*t);
vm = b.*sin(2*pi*fm*t);
n = length(vc);
for i = 1:n
    if (vm(i)>=vc(i))
        pwm(i) = 1;
    else
        pwm(i) = 0;
    end
end
end
```

MATLAB CODE FOR PULSE WIDTH MODULATION (2)

```
subplot(3,1,1);  
plot(t,vm,'black');  
xlabel('Time ----->');  
ylabel('Amplitude ----->');  
title('Message Signal');  
legend('Message Signal ---->');  
grid on;  
subplot(3,1,2);  
plot(t,vc);  
xlabel('Sample ----->');  
ylabel('Amplitude ----->');  
title('Carrier Signal');  
legend('Carrier Signal ---->');  
grid on;
```

MATLAB CODE FOR PULSE WIDTH MODULATION (3)

```
subplot(3,1,3);  
plot(t,pwm,'red');  
xlabel('Sample ----->');  
ylabel('Amplitude ----->');  
title('PWM Signal');  
legend('PWM Signal ----->');  
axis([0 1 0 2]);  
grid on;
```

MATLAB CODE FOR PULSE WIDTH MODULATION (4)

